Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended): A method of simultaneously transmitting signals over a channel for radio communication between a first device having N plurality of antennas and a second device having M plurality of antennas, the method comprising:

processing a vector **s** representing L signals $[s_1 \dots s_L]$ with a transmit matrix **A** that is computed to maximize capacity of the channel by multiplying the vector **s** with the transmit matrix **A**, wherein the transmit matrix **A** is equal to **VD**, where **V** is an eigenvector matrix for $\mathbf{H}^H\mathbf{H}$, **H** is the channel response from the first device to the second device, $\mathbf{D} = \operatorname{diag}(\mathbf{d}_1, \dots, \mathbf{d}_L)$ and $|\mathbf{d}_p|^2$ is the transmit power for p = 1 to L between the first device and the second device subject to a power constraint that the power emitted by each of the N plurality of antennas is less than or equal to a maximum power, and that weights the L signals $[s_1 \dots s_L]$ for simultaneous transmission along the eigenvectors of the channel between the N-plurality of antennas and M plurality of antennas of the second device.

2. (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the processing comprises processing the vector s with the transmit matrix A that is computed subject to the to a power constraint requiring that the power emitted by one or more of the N plurality of antennas is being different for one or more of the N plurality of antennas.

3. (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the processing comprises processing the vector s with the transmit matrix A that is computed subject to the to a power constraint requiring that the power emitted by being the same for each of the N plurality of antennas is the same.

4. (currently amended): The method of claim 3, wherein the processing comprises processing the vector s with the transmit matrix A that is computed subject to the power constraint for each of the N plurality of antennas being emitted power is equal to a total maximum power emitted by all of the N plurality of antennas combined divided by N.

Claim 5 (canceled)

- 6. (currently amended): The method of claim 1 elaim 5, wherein when $N \le M$, the processing comprises multiplying the vector s with the transmit matrix A, where $\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{I} \cdot \operatorname{sqrt}(P_{max}/N)$, and \mathbf{I} is the identity matrix, such that the power transmitted by each of the N plurality of antennas is the same and equal to P_{max}/N .
- 7. (currently amended): The method of claim 1 elaim 5, wherein when N < M, the processing comprises multiplying the vector s with the transmit matrix \mathbf{A} , where $\mathbf{D} = \operatorname{sqrt}(\mathbf{d} \cdot P_{max}/N_{Tx}) \cdot \mathbf{I}$, such that the power transmitted by antenna i for i = 1 to N is $(\mathbf{d} \cdot P_{max}/N) \cdot (\mathbf{V}\mathbf{V}^H)_{ii}$, and $d_p = d$ for p = 1 to L.
- 8. (currently amended): The method of claim 7, wherein the processing comprises multiplying the vector s with the transmit matrix A, where d = 1/z and $z = \max_{i} \{(VV^H)_{ii}\}$, such that the maximum power from any of the N plurality of antennas is P_{max}/N and the total power emitted from the N plurality of antennas combined is between P_{max}/M and P_{max} .

9. (currently amended): The method of claim 7, wherein the processing comprises multiplying the vector s with the transmit matrix \mathbf{A} , where d = 1, such that the power emitted by antenna i for i = 1 to N is $(P_{max}/N) \cdot (VV^H)_{ii}$, and the total power emitted from the N plurality of antennas combined is P_{max}/M .

10. (previously presented): The method of claim 1, and further comprising: receiving at the M plurality of antennas signals transmitted by the first device; and

processing the signals received at each of the plurality of M antennas with receive weights and combining the resulting signals to recover the L signals.

- 11. (previously presented): The method of claim 1, wherein each of the L signals is baseband modulated using a multi-carrier modulation process, and wherein the processing comprises multiplying the vector \mathbf{s} with a transmit matrix $\mathbf{A}(\mathbf{k})$ at each of a plurality of sub-carriers \mathbf{k} .
- 12. (currently amended): A radio communication device <u>for simultaneously</u> <u>transmitting signals over a channel, the radio communication device comprising:</u>
 - a. N plurality of antennas;
- b. N plurality of radio transmitters each coupled to a corresponding one of the plurality of antennas; and
- c. a baseband signal processor coupled to the N plurality of radio transmitters to process a vector \mathbf{s} representing L signals $[\mathbf{s}_1 \dots \mathbf{s}_L]$ with a transmit matrix \mathbf{A} that is computed to maximize capacity of the channel by multiplying the vector \mathbf{s} with the transmit matrix \mathbf{A} , wherein the transmit matrix \mathbf{A} is equal to \mathbf{VD} , where \mathbf{V} is an eigenvector matrix for $\mathbf{H}^H\mathbf{H}$, \mathbf{H} is the channel response from the first device to the second device, $\mathbf{D} = \operatorname{diag}(\mathbf{d}_1, \dots, \mathbf{d}_L)$ and $\|\mathbf{d}_p\|^2$ is the transmit power for $\mathbf{p} = 1$ to \mathbf{L} between the first device and the second device subject to a power constraint

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that the power emitted by each of the N plurality of antennas is less than or equal

to a maximum power, and that weights the L signals [s₁ ... s_L] for simultaneous

transmission along the eigenvectors of the channel between the N plurality of

antennas and a plurality of antennas of the second device.

13. (currently amended): The device of claim 12, wherein the baseband

signal processor processes the vector s with a transmit matrix A that is computed

subject to the to a power constraint requiring that the power emitted by one or more

of the N plurality of antennas is being different for one or more of the N plurality of

antennas.

14. (currently amended): The device of claim 12, wherein the baseband

signal processor processes the vector s with a transmit matrix A that is computed

subject to the to a power constraint requiring that the power emitted by being the

same for each of the N plurality of antennas is the same.

15. (currently amended): The device of claim 14, wherein the baseband

signal processor processes the vector s with a transmit matrix A that is computed

subject to the power constraint for each of the N plurality of antennas being emitted

power is equal to a total maximum power emitted by all of the N plurality of

antennas combined divided by N.

Claim 16 (canceled)

17. (currently amended): The device of claim 12 claim 16, wherein when N

≤ M, the baseband signal processor multiplies the vector s-with the transmit matrix

A that is computed where $\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{I} \cdot \operatorname{sqrt}(P_{\text{max}}/N)$, and \mathbf{I} is the identity matrix, such that

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the power transmitted by each of the N plurality of antennas is the same and equal to P_{max}/N .

- 18. (currently amended): The device of <u>claim 12 elaim 16</u>, wherein when N < M, the baseband signal processor multiplies the vector \mathbf{s} with the transmit matrix \mathbf{A} that is computed where $\mathbf{D} = \operatorname{sqrt}(\mathbf{d} \cdot P_{\text{max}}/N_{Tx}) \cdot \mathbf{I}$ such that the power emitted by antenna i for i=1 to N is $(\mathbf{d} \cdot P_{\text{max}}/N) \cdot (\mathbf{VV}^H)_{ii}$, and $d_p = d$ for p=1 to L.
- 19. (currently amended): The device of claim 18, wherein the baseband signal processor multiplies the vector s with the transmit matrix A that is computed where d = 1/z and $z = \max_{i} \{(VV^H)_{ii}\}$ such that the maximum power from any antenna of the N plurality of antennas is P_{max}/N and the total power emitted from the N plurality of antennas combined is between P_{max}/M and P_{max} .
- 20. (currently amended): The device of claim 18, wherein the baseband signal processor multiplies the vector s with the transmit matrix \mathbf{A} that is computed where d=1, such that the power emitted by antenna i for i=1 to N is $(P_{max}/N) \cdot (\mathbf{V}\mathbf{V}^H)_{ii}$, and the total power emitted from the N plurality of antennas combined is P_{max}/M .
- 21. (original): The device of claim 12, wherein each of the L signals is baseband modulated using a multi-carrier modulation process, and the baseband signal processor multiplies the vector \mathbf{s} with a transmit matrix $\mathbf{A}(\mathbf{k})$ at each of a plurality of sub-carriers \mathbf{k} .
- 22. (currently amended): A radio communication system <u>for</u> <u>simultaneously transmitting signals over a channel, the radio communication system comprising:</u>

- a. a first device comprising:
 - N plurality of antennas;
- ii. N plurality of radio transmitters each coupled to a corresponding one of the plurality of antennas; and
- iii. a baseband signal processor coupled to the N plurality of radio transmitters to process a vector \mathbf{s} representing L signals $[\mathbf{s}_1 \dots \mathbf{s}_L]$ with a transmit matrix \mathbf{A} that is computed to maximize capacity of the channel by multiplying the vector \mathbf{s} with the transmit matrix \mathbf{A} , wherein the transmit matrix \mathbf{A} is equal to \mathbf{VD} , where \mathbf{V} is an eigenvector matrix for $\mathbf{H}^H\mathbf{H}$, \mathbf{H} is the channel response from the first device to the second device, $\mathbf{D} = \operatorname{diag}(\mathbf{d}_1, \dots, \mathbf{d}_L)$ and $|\mathbf{d}_p|^2$ is the transmit power for $\mathbf{p} = \mathbf{1}$ to \mathbf{L} between the first device and the second device subject to a power constraint that the power emitted by each of the N plurality of antennas is less than or equal to a maximum power, and that weights the \mathbf{L} signals $[\mathbf{s}_1 \dots \mathbf{s}_L]$ for simultaneous transmission along the eigenvectors of the channel between the N plurality of antennas and a plurality of antennas of a second device;
 - b. the second device comprising:
 - i. M plurality of antennas;
- ii. M plurality of radio receivers each coupled to a corresponding one of the plurality of antennas; and
- iii. a baseband signal processor coupled to the N plurality of radio receivers to process signals output by the plurality of radio receivers with receive weights and combining the resulting signals to recover the L signals $[s_1 \dots s_L]$.
- 23. (currently amended): The system of claim 22, wherein the baseband signal processor of the first device processes the vector s with the transmit matrix A that is computed subject to the to a power constraint requiring that the power emitted by one or more of the N plurality of antennas is being different for one or more of the N antennas.

24. (currently amended): The system of claim 23, wherein the baseband

signal processor of the first device processes the vector s with the transmit matrix A

that is computed subject to the to a power constraint requiring that the power

emitted by being the same for each of the N plurality of antennas is the same.

25. (currently amended): The system of claim 24, wherein the baseband

signal processor of the first device processes the vector s with the transmit matrix A

that is computed subject to the power constraint for each of the N antennas being

emitted power is equal to a total maximum power emitted by all of the N antennas

combined divided by N.

Claim 26 (canceled)